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MADALGO seminar by Jelani Nelson, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)

Revisiting Norm Estimation in Data Streams

Abstract:

The problem of estimating the p th moment F_p (p nonnegative and real) in data streams is as follows. There is a vector x which starts at 0, and many updates of the form $x_i \leftarrow x_i + v$ come sequentially in a stream. The algorithm also receives an error parameter $0 < \epsilon < 1$. The goal is then to output an approximation with relative error at most ϵ to $F_p = \|x\|_p^p$.

Previously, it was known that polylogarithmic space (in the vector length n) was achievable if and only if $p \leq 2$. We make several new contributions in this regime, including:

- (*) An optimal space algorithm for $0 < p < 2$, which, unlike previous algorithms which had optimal dependence on $1/\epsilon$ but sub-optimal dependence on n , does not rely on Nisan's PRG.
- (*) A near-optimal space algorithm for $p = 0$ with optimal update and query time.
- (*) A near-optimal space algorithm for the "distinct elements" problem ($p = 0$ and all updates have $v = 1$) with optimal update and query time.
- (*) Improved $L_2 \rightarrow L_2$ dimensionality reduction in a stream.
- (*) New 1-pass lower bounds to show optimality and near-optimality of our algorithms, as well as of some previous algorithms (the "AMS sketch" for $p = 2$, and the L_1 -difference algorithm of Feigenbaum *et al.*).

As corollaries of our work, we also obtain a few separations in the complexity of moment estimation problems: F_0 in 1 pass vs. 2 passes, $p = 0$ vs. $p > 0$, and F_0 with strictly positive updates vs. arbitrary updates.

Joint work with:

Daniel Kane, Harvard University
David Woodruff, IBM Almaden.